

## 1. PERFORMANCE

- 1) Measuring range : 0.5-20 ppm      0.1-0.5 ppm  
Number of pump strokes : 1 (100mℓ)      5 (500mℓ)
- 2) Sampling time : 1 minute/1 pump stroke
- 3) Detectable limit : 0.05 ppm (500mℓ)
- 4) Shelf life : 1 year (Necessary to store in a refrigerated place ; 0 ~ 10 °C)
- 5) Operating temperature : 0 ~ 40 °C
- 6) Temperature compensation : Necessary (See "TEMPERATURE CORRECTION TABLE")
- 7) Reading : Direct reading from the scale calibrated by 1 pump stroke
- 8) Colour change : White → Red

## 2. RELATIVE STANDARD DEVIATION

RSD-low : 15 %    RSD-mid. : 10 %    RSD-high : 5 %

## 3. CHEMICAL REACTION

By reacting with Nitro-benzyl pyridine, urea derivative is produced.  
This urea derivative reacts with Benzyl aniline and dyestuff is produced.



## 4. CALIBRATION OF THE TUBE

COLOURIMETRY METHOD

## 5. INTERFERENCE AND CROSS SENSITIVITY

Substance	Interference	ppm	Coexistence
Nitrogen dioxide      FIG.1	Yellow stain is produced.	100	Yellow stain is produced and higher readings are given.
Chlorine		5	Discolouration is faded from the gas inlet edge.
Hydrogen chloride		10	〃
Sulphur dioxide		0.2%	〃

(NOTE)

When the concentration is below 0.5 ppm, 5 pump strokes can be used to determine the lower concentration.

Following formula is available for the actual concentration.

Actual concentration = 1/5 × Temperature corrected value

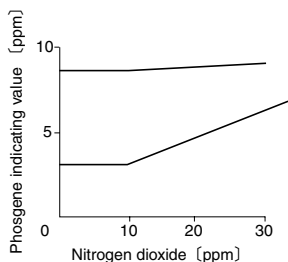


FIG.1 Influence of Nitrogen dioxide

TEMPERATURE CORRECTION TABLE

Scale Readings (ppm)	True Concentration (ppm)				
	0 °C (32 °F)	10 °C (50 °F)	20 °C (68 °F)	30 °C (86 °F)	40 °C (104 °F)
20	13.5	17.0	20.0	21.8	23.0
15	10.5	12.8	15.0	16.5	17.5
10	7.0	8.6	10.0	11.0	11.8
5	3.5	4.3	5.0	5.5	5.8
3	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0